

MTT Cell Growth Assay Protocol for 96-well and 384-well LifeGel Plates

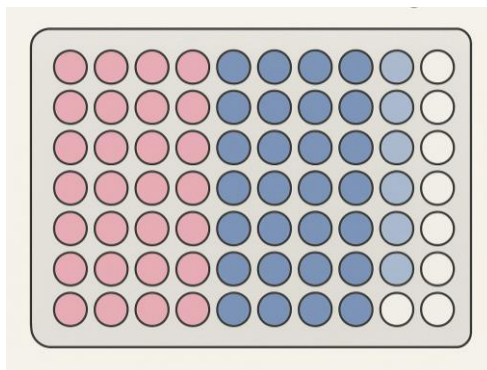
The MTT assay is a colorimetric method used to assess cell viability and metabolic activity. It relies on the ability of living cells to convert the yellow tetrazolium salt, 3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium bromide (MTT), into purple formazan crystals. The quantity of formazan generated is directly proportional to the number of metabolically active, viable cells. It also can be used to measure the cytotoxic effects of drugs or other substances on cells.

Key advantages:

- Simple and Relatively Fast: The MTT assay is a relatively simple and quick procedure.
- Sensitive: It can detect small changes in cell viability.
- Cost-Effective: It is a relatively inexpensive assay

MTT Cell Growth Assay protocol (Sigma-Aldrich).

MTT Cell Growth Assay is a colorimetric assay that can be used for either proliferation or complement-mediated cytotoxicity assays



Storage:

Maintain at 2-8°C for up to six months. The Reagent A / Solution B mixture is stable at 2-8°C for up to two weeks.

In Vitro Application

PROTOCOL:

Preparing 96- or 384-well LifeGel plates for MTT Cell Growth Assay

Materials required:

- 96- or 384-well LifeGel plate
- Pipette/multichannel pipettor
- Complete culture medium

1. Equilibration

Remove LifeGel plates from the refrigerator 24 or 48 hours before seeding. Allow them to equilibrate at room temperature for approximately 1 hour.

2. Gel conditioning

Aspirate the PBS from each well. Add 150 µl of culture medium for 96-well plates or 60 µl for 384-well plates to condition the gel. Incubate the plates at 37°C in a humidified incubator.

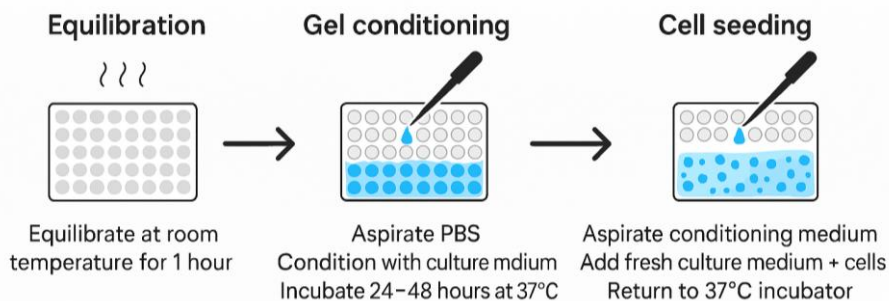
3. Cell seeding

After 24 or 48 hours of conditioning, remove the plates from the incubator. Aspirate the conditioning medium from the wells.

Add 150 µl (96-well) or 60 µl (384-well) of fresh culture medium containing cell suspension to each well.

Include appropriate control wells as needed*.

Return the seeded LifeGel plates to the 37°C incubator for cell culture.



In Vitro Application

PROTOCOL:

MTT Cell Growth Assay for 96-well LifeGel Plates

Reagent Preparation

To prepare the working solution for 1,000 assays:

- Add 10 mL of Solution B to one vial of Reagent A.
- Mix thoroughly until fully dissolved.
- Sterile filter the solution and store it protected from light at 4°C.

Note: Dissolution may require overnight incubation. Do **not** apply heat. If undissolved crystals remain, adjust the pH by adding 1–2 drops of HCl. Under these conditions, the reagent (AB mixture) remains stable for several weeks.

Reagent Addition

- Remove assay plates from the 37°C incubator.
- Carefully aspirate 50 µL of medium from each well.
- Add 10 µL of the prepared AB (MTT) solution to each well of 96-well LifeGel plates.

Incubation

- Incubate plates at 37°C to allow MTT reduction by viable cells.
- Incubation time may vary depending on cell type and experimental conditions; however, 4 hours is generally sufficient.
- MTT is reduced to black, fuzzy formazan crystals that accumulate at the bottom of wells containing live cells.

Formazan Solubilization

- Add 10 µL of isopropanol containing 0.04 N HCl to each well.
- Mix thoroughly using a multichannel pipette to ensure complete dissolution of formazan.
- The acidic isopropanol shifts phenol red to yellow, minimizing background interference during absorbance measurement.
- A uniform blue solution indicates successful formazan solubilization.

Measurement

Within 1 hour of solubilization, measure absorbance using a plate reader:

- Test wavelength: 570 nm
- Reference wavelength: 630 nm

In Vitro Application

Important Notes:

Precipitation of serum proteins may occur after prolonged exposure to acid/alcohol at room temperature. To minimize this:

- Chill plates to accelerate precipitation if needed.
- If a delay is necessary before measurement, store plates at 4°C *before* adding the acid/alcohol. Return to room temperature and add the solubilization reagent immediately before reading.